

e-Forms – state of play

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Outline

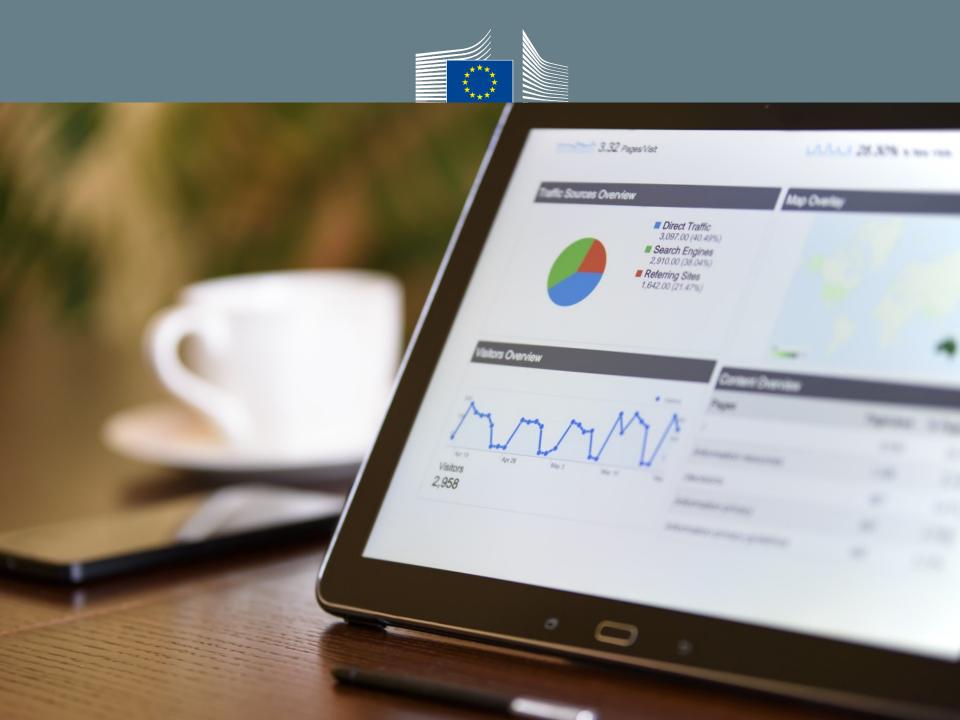
- Introduction
- Users & eForms
- A good implementing regulation?
- Upcoming consultation
- Timing













How do eForms help?

- More accurate information (e.g. definitions)
- Simpler to use and implement (e.g. harmonized)
- More flexible (e.g. lots, labels, non-publication)
- More relevant (e.g. green procurement)
- More universal (e.g. below threshold, ESPD)

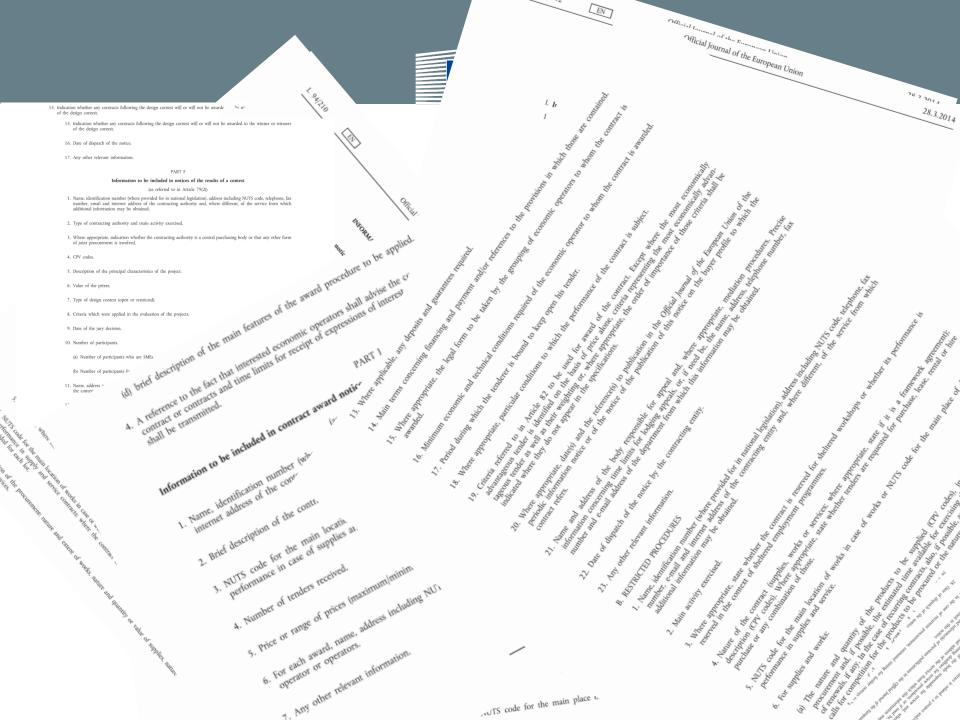




A good implementing regulation

Specifies transparency rights & obligations







A good implementing regulation

- Specifies transparency rights & obligations
 - → 36 legal annexes, 36 "legal situations"
- Doesn't block good IT implementation
 - → How many types of XML? 1? 3? 36? Not for now, not a legal question.
- Machine processable (e.g. a table)





Doesn't block good IT implementation ≠ be a good IT implementation

- Specific enough for:
 - Common understanding across the EU
 - Balance of responsibilities
- ...and no more. Because:
 - Laws are not agile → bugs are "never" fixed
 - Laws use <u>"design by committee"</u> → good for political compromises, bad for technical solutions





The upcoming consultation fixes the problems of the previous one

- 1. Instead of labels, descriptions
- 2. Consulting only on what needs to be adopted (no codelists, no business rules, etc.)
- 3. Fewer & shorter consultation documents
- 4. Using an online forum (github.com)





Timing

- 1st consultation (Nov 2016-Jan 2017)
- Meeting with Member States (Apr. 2017)
- 2nd consultation (June-Sep 2018)
- Public feedback on the legal act (Nov 2018)
- Adoption (Jan-Feb 2019)
- Technical files (XSD) available (Jan-Feb 2020)
- Implemented (Jan–Feb 2022 ?)





